

Using unused land to make a living.

The best way to ensure [jobs](#) for those that do not have jobs is to find capital, as i have said before. everything starts with the starting money you put into your company, as then you can get a place to work, and machines and staff if necessary. so, are there other ways to get this capital besides a loan from the bank?

If you were to look for a way to make capital, it usually comes from your friends or family. other ways i have described are to seek a loan from the bank, and let them administrate it, or even prove to the bank you are worthy of the loan. but, the bank cannot supply the whole third world countries with money, so we need to look elsewhere for capital.

If we were to start from scratch, as in a pair of pants, a shirt and no home or family help, what could you do? well, first off you need to supply a service to someone, but what can you do with no resources? you could start a farm! if you went out to the derelict areas of the [country](#), many people own the land, or, the state owns the land, and you could just grab some seeds and plant them there. then, you could collect the fruits of your labor and sell them, buying more pesticides this time, making sure you have a decent crop next time. seeds can be found even in rotten tomatoes or apples...

Or, you could go and plant seeds all over the place, making sure you will have a huge crop! you would have to get your shack into that area though, maybe along the main road? then, you could chop wood in the mean time, and sell it on the side of the road to passers by - people far away from anything, but that is a long shot. so, you should, to support yourself in the mean time, dig in the ground to offer prime materials for cement or bricks - or even build your own house out of the materials you have at your disposal. of course, the [state](#) could have a problem with it, but i am sure you could make a case about unused land being used? these far out areas have no value to anybody, until you build there...

So, you have a house and a incoming crop. what do you do in the [mean](#) time? i suppose you could get a bucket for water, or dig a well. but what about food? if you were to 'steal' a few chickens or something, you could eat eggs and chicken for a while maybe?

So, back to the capital. if you were to create your capital this way, you could get off the ground and into the city with some tools to provide a service of some kind and earn money, but even that is a gamble. i suggest, once you are off the ground, you get some schooling in how to read write and count and then do a course that will be used in your [field](#), or, ask the bank to do some research for you into needed fields in the market where there is a guaranteed promise of money.

Of course, you might decide that you want to buy the land you planted your crops on, and continue farming. this could for subsistence, a favorite in the homelands of my country, or for money.

Now, if you cannot do that, let's say you are too old or deformed or something, then you need to get a friend or family member to help you, or even just someone that is tired of being in poverty.

More ways to get capital for your own business.

If you were to start from scratch again, where could you use your [time](#), of which you should have a lot if you don't have a job, to get off the floor? how about looking for something else that there is a lot of yet is unused?

If you were to go to the bank, you could pick up toxic assets from the other employers. these actually cost money to own, and i am sure they will just give them to you! if you were to pick up a old warehouse or some really old office or whatever, you have a premises. then, i am sure if you were to advertise by [word](#) of mouth, you could find someone with some tools. this is where you own the property and they own the labor - a good deal.

Some examples of this is a place where the people can easily access your business and get, say, an auto check up? i know it is expensive to have your car checked out, so, maybe you want to get certified? how do you get certified? going to the bank is [always](#) advised. but, this costs money.

So, you could go back to the people with the toxic asset and tell them you will take it off their hands in exchange for them to [pay](#) for you to be trained or certified or whatever. unless they are bankrupt, they will probably agree. then, you change the name of the business and start from a clean perspective.

More and more capital!

If you were to look for new things that are underused, that could get put to good use by yourself as a start up business, what is left to use that others find useless? bank approved loans where they have control over the company, or, you have proved that you can get it done, old tools, farming on unused land, toxic assets, [surveys](#) for parties, working for free until they realize they now need you... so far there is too little to employ everyone, starting your own business with a query, an order, then a loan based on the paperwork for the order unless we find many other little things, yes?

So, what is left? how about building houses on unused land and selling them? this would require capital or hard work, all you need is a plumber and electrician to share the spoils, but, like i said, long hard work. what else is there?

How about charity work? this will let you meet people that know this or that about whatever, and might get you a full time job? this is a long shot as well, as not everybody will find [jobs](#)...

Now, to secure yourself some capital, you need to look into building factories or commercial buildings out in the middle of nowhere, and selling them, or, using them. this is not a long shot, as there is so much land out there, all you need is friends or peers with time to spare.

Or, you could work with the bank with advertising? the bank could say there is a new service of theirs, where they will get the [company](#) advertised, and then you could render the service?

Or, you could set up a business based on orders? if you went to the bank, and asked them - as there is money to be made for them too - to advertise orders for themselves, you could handle the operations of the business, whatever kind of business it is. there might be a surplus of money coming into my country south africa [soon](#), as there will be outsourcing - there is so much money and so few people.

So, to secure yourself the money needed to start your own business, you might decide to dig for [water](#) - your own well - get some investment, and sell water to a community that needs it, at a better price. this requires, digging a hole, sticking some fancy pipes into them and connecting it to the nearest village. of course, you could sell this well to the state, yes?

Or, you could dig for lime stone. this will take a long long time, and you will work at your own pace, out in the middle of nowhere, but eventually you will have something to sell for your capital, [yes](#)?

Maybe you could also produce your own booze? if you were to go out into the the middle of nowhere, dig a well for water, and, produce some cheap barley, you could sell the booze in the poverty stricken areas of the world, no?

Capital supreme!

If we look for new unused things, we need things with value that others do not see, [yes](#)? if we were to look inside the city, as that is easier and closer to us all, besides toxic assets what is there?

How about selling seeds? a [person](#) could go to a garden center, and pull out some seeds from the flowers, and sell them. of course, that might be illegal. so, maybe going up to flowers in the bush and collecting seeds or stems is more comely?

Maybe collecting pavement specials and breeding well fed puppies would do well? they will sell for a bit, i am sure, usually about four per litter, three [hundred](#) rand each, 1200 rand, enough to buy a set of tools?

How about becoming a salesperson? if you were to sell tools, you could sell them to other mechanics in poverty stricken areas at a great price, as all you want to do is [cover](#) the cost of your own tools?

What if you were to offer a delivery service? say your employers cell phone breaks - you could pick it up and have it serviced for them. hell, you could deliver petrol to them too, especially on days before the petrol price goes up?

But, let's start from scratch again? if you were to have nothing, let's say it is the worst case, what else could you do to earn some capital? how about mowing front lawns for next to no money? after a couple of lawns, at like fifty rand or five dollars a lawn, you will have enough to buy yourself a drill?

Let's say now that everyone else beat you to the lawns? what else can you do? i think people should start where the goods to be sold are collected, like a port or a storehouse. there you will find many great deals, but the [problem](#) is you only get that close if you are collecting them from imports. if, though, you were to go out to the direct factory, you could collect things at an even greater price. these things you could sell to a middle person - someone that goes between the company and the factory. i used to work in a factory, and know it costs next to nothing to produce anything except if it has complicated parts like a television or computer or something, but as time goes by, even that is becoming cheaper. Seeing as how prices are going up for things, someone is getting greedy! this means, if you go out direct to the factory, or make contact directly, you could pick up goods to sell to the middle person at a great price. all you got to do is go out to the factories and advertise. this requires a little capital, so maybe you should factor this into your loan from the bank or a friend, as even a friend can supply you with the little money you need. then, you without an order, tell that

person or bank that you will be selling, for example, furniture at a tiny price. i am sure they will buy it from you right off, as everybody is lazy today.

If the bank went straight out to the factory, they wouldn't **be able** to buy goods as it is against the law, but you can, and they can keep it for you. this is a great deal, get there quickly!

Capital again...

If you were to start from scratch, you have **time** and energy. that is all you have, and, all you need!

Now, to create capital, or even a job of sorts, you would need to be trained by a doctor. then, you work for **free**, as i am sure they could use some help. you could help them by filing or something, and, you work for free, but have access to their textbooks. from there you could learn a little of this and that, and then, go back to the poverty areas and offer free general checkups? this would be cheap, and, with a little bit of effort on your part, you will know if someone is sick, and how sick they are?

With this capital, you could buy some tools, buy some land, rent a place to work for a month, and take i from there, or even buy some **food** to hawk? there is a lot you can do with a little bit of money.

Infinite conductor.

I read on another forum that an inverter was supposed to make an infinite **high** output. everyone laughed at them, but i will rise to the challenge and try to make infinite high something or other.

If the 'thing' was to make totally always an infinite high, it would need to tone down on the infinite high, as that is infinite, yet will just **go** until the engine or something won't work anymore.

So, to make a **machine** that outputs more than it takes, it would have to be a closed system. if it were to turn, what would turn it? you could set it to turn with gravity, of course, as it will fall down, then rise up again from momentum. then, it will fall again and make energy, however small it might be.

But, back to the 'inverter thing.' if you could use up one pulse to generate more pulse, and it worked like a pendulum, or, a flow chart, it could activate all other things by way of 'fire,' as fire continues to spread **through** air through oxygen - there can be fire in space.

So, how does that work? if you put a jolt into one transistor, it could carry on going around and around, and, even accelerate depending on the conductivity of the materials. so, if you were to place a jolt of electricity into **water**, you could keep it going round and round by using a great conductor, but which conductor?

 Quote

by: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Electrical_conductor#Conductor_materials

While pure **water** is not an electrical conductor, even a small portion of impurities, such as salt, can rapidly transform it into a conductor.

I say we use a lot of salt in water!

I think i have it now, we need to continue to produce as much or more energy at each step than the last, without using fuel. if we were to use a charge, it is like

turning a key in an ignition, it is just a spark. using the ignition without a battery, we could make a spark with other means. of course, if the conductivity was good enough, this spark could recreate itself all over the place, and spread.

Of course, the cells or something else has to do something to work the engine. if the cells were produced, and used up, say as a stomach or something, then the energy could be produced, [yes](#)? so, we have an ignition, we have a lot of cells of some sort, and we have plasma therein to keep them hot. the plasma will be ignited, and heat the organic engine, and then the cells will divide. this 'motion' could be used to just make the engine bulge and stuff, thereby turning the cogs or what have you.

But, i don't think this is very powerful. so, we will need to have 'veins' or pipes with plasma inside them pumping the engine forwards. we could recreate a system for locomotion or energy dispersal as if it were an animal, yes?

Federal fixing.

One of the most logical ways for the country to make money is for the people at the top to open banks that are state owned. then, they can invest from the federal reserve into these banks. they could say take twelve billion from the reserve to sure up the bank, and tax the bank on all the things it does with the money. there are [jobs](#) available, loans available and more taxes to be gotten.

More state meddling.

If the [state](#) were to let people pay taxes as if on a 'credit scheme,' they could pay their taxes in advance. this would mean the state gets the money quicker to spend and the people pay less taxes.

Short cuts.

If the state is able to just spend money as [@Senor Hoint](#) says, then maybe we could make short cuts for other people? if the state were to help out the people who spend money it would help.

So, what can be done to curb spending? well, a while ago i suggested a few things that could help out street kids and schooling, old people and other social services and i was hoping now to add to that with this "short cuts" entry.

If the [state](#) was to have to look after street kids or squatters, there is a lot that can be done, as there is so little done. if the squatters were to be employed, problem solved. how else could we employ squatters in a city that refuse to leave for greener pastures? well, we could look at charities, and have them give a legal benefit to the state for these reasons. then, with that money, we could create jobs with capital from the charities, as they are giving men fish. what we need to do is create fish, forget the rod!

If we were to want to create [jobs](#), we could try to, with the surplus of plastics coming through now, create 'prefabs' for business and home use. then, we could use the plastics to produce items, and, all you need is a mold and power. getting the power could come down to a practical little device like a solar panel or something equally small and recurring, and, i will invent one shortly! then we need a mold, and, i am sure that the state could order the creation of molds, and, the dumping of molds onto the new business people. the new molds could be built out of nitrogen four, like my space ship, as nitrogen four does not get hot at all.

So, we got our 'factory' on unused land and [build](#) out of plastic, we got our molds and shortly we will have our power. let me do that here too? this post is a mess already!

To get the power coming through, we could use an electrical oscillator. this would require us to make an 'engine of sorts' with little nitrogen four parts, as they will not melt. this oscillator could be based on pressure exerted on itself by a [simple](#) drop of the 'balls' into the other balls, and then see the balls exert pressure onto thin strips of metal or something in between each ball. this won't generate much energy though, so back to the drawing board!

Okay, so we cannot use a fuel, as, this is a limited and expensive and polluting resource. i suggest we create 'a new power source' by using a accelerating oscillator? basically, we drop a something designed to accelerate as it drops and goes over - like a big wheel - and then slow it down when it gets too fast. but, is this already [done](#), or is it myth? let's investigate this myth?

If the big wheel was to drop like a clock, and reach the apex of the clock again, then it must have enough power in it to drop again. this requires a fixed amount of energy going into it, and just enough to make it [go](#) over twice, then it will continue turning the piston or whatever. this is basically unlimited energy!

And there we have our unconnected little workshop.

Flame strike.

I have found, through mediating with a candle, that people can train themselves to deliver a flame strike with an [open](#) palm to another object or person by holding your palm open and fingers extended.

This i found out by mediating with a candle, basically, you can ask the candle questions, then hesitate, and if after like three seconds the candle doesn't flicker - which is a strong [yes](#) - or dance - which is a weaker yes - then the answer to the question is no.

This i trust more than spirits, as, it is an element of fire we are mediating with. this is a lot of faeries and stuff, and, unless they don't like you, they won't lie to you. you may excite the faeries by striking matches and then doubling the flame with the match on fire.

Summon aerial 'playmate.'

Basically, all you need to do is to light a candle and stare into it for a while, or maybe even a bulb will do? then, you need to make the colorful thing settle - hopefully on a floor - and then, in about [five](#) minutes, your aerial playmate will arrive.

The [color](#) of the dot influences the color of the playmate. for example, i had a red dot, so i summoned a green moth hornet cross - i was trying to summon a butterfly, of course...

Fire bolt.

This is quite weak, but fun to do. i have not gotten past making my middle finger hot yet, and i think it must be the middle finger of your left [hand](#) - extended, of course.

From what i gather, you half close your left hand with your middle finger

extended, then [point](#) at the target of your fire bolt. i hear it has a range of five feet from someone else.

Conveyor belt metals.

Okay, i see this again, and want to get it right. all air is a state of matter, it is gas. if it were to become solid, what sort of solid would it make potentially? if it were to be a gas, then liquid, then solid, we would have something, [yes](#)? what would it be though? some people would think that all we could make like this is water and ice, yes? now, i want to make conveyor belt metals and gold! oh, and oil...

So, we need to make a 'blue print' and make this 'stuff.' if we were to make air really cold, it would [turn](#) to ice. if we were to turn air really hot, it will make moisture or water. now, we need to fiddle around and get it to make something else.

 Quote by: <http://chemistry.about.com/od/chemistryfaqs/f/aircomposition.htm>

Nearly all of the Earth's atmosphere is made up of only five gases: nitrogen, oxygen, water vapor, argon, and carbon dioxide. Several other compounds also are present. Although this CRC [table](#) does not list water vapor, air can contain as much as 5% water vapor, more commonly ranging from 1-3%. The 1-5% range places water vapor as the third most common gas (which alters the other percentages accordingly).

So, we have nitrogen, oxygen, water vapor, argon and carbon dioxide to work with. let's look more into this argon thing, i am sure it might [be able](#) to become a metal, yes?

Argon is a chemical element with symbol Ar and atomic number 18. It is in group 18 of the periodic table and is a noble gas.[3] Argon is the third most [common](#) gas in the Earth's atmosphere, at 0.93% (9,300 ppm), making it approximately 23.8 times as abundant as the next most common atmospheric gas, carbon dioxide (390 ppm), and more than 500 times as abundant as the next most common noble gas, neon (18 ppm). Nearly all of this argon is radiogenic argon-40 derived from the decay of potassium-40 in the Earth's crust. In the universe, argon-36 is by far the most common argon isotope, being the preferred argon isotope produced by stellar nucleosynthesis in supernovas.

So, we could safely say that argon gets hot? would that be good to say? actually, what do we need to make metals for when we can make houses out of nitrogen four, and, model them to be sculpted the exact way we want? how heavy is nitrogen four? i am sure a truck could carry this 'stuff' to another place. if it were designed in a workshop or factory, it could be like a prefab, yes?

Now, if we were to observe that carbon dioxide is made when we boil oil, then when we cool air - with carbon dioxide in it - we could make oil? this would require a large amount of air, and cooling it down would make water and oil, but, if we were to heat the air up, we would see the air [form](#) moisture. this moisture would eventually lead to oil, yes?

But, one last thing, how do we make metal from air? it could be used for what that nitrogen four could not? well, let's try anyways?

If we were to observe that oil can be used to make plastics, then, seeing as how we make oil now, i hope, we could make plastic parts for things like cars. but, could we make metals?

 Quote by: <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Metal>

The meaning of "metal" differs for various communities. For example, astronomers use the blanket term "metal" for convenience to collectively describe all elements other than hydrogen and helium (the main components of stars, which in turn comprise most of the

visible matter in the universe). Thus, in astronomy and physical cosmology, the metallicity of an *object* is the proportion of its matter made up of chemical elements other than hydrogen and helium.[4] In addition, many elements and compounds that are not normally classified as metals become metallic under high pressures; these are known as metallic allotropes of non-metals.

So, we could use nearly anything to make metals under high pressures. i suppose, seeing as we have only air in that large an abundance i am talking about, that we could use one of the five elements in normal air to make metals and gold and diamonds? or, maybe something even more useful?